

# SAFETY AWARENESS

Whenever you see the symbols shown below, heed their instructions! Always follow safe operating and maintenance practices.

## WARNING

This warning symbol identifies special instructions or procedures which, if not correctly followed, could result in personal injury, or loss of life.

## CAUTION

This caution symbol identifies special instructions or procedures which, if not strictly observed, could result in damage to, or destruction of equipment.

## NOTE

○ *Indicates points of particular interest for more efficient and convenient operation.*

**READ THE OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS OF THE EQUIPMENT THIS ENGINE POWERS.**

# READ THIS FIRST

For your safety, read this Owner's Manual and understand it thoroughly before operating this ENGINE.

## **⚠ WARNING**

**DO NOT run the engine in a closed area. Exhaust gas contains carbon monoxide, an odorless and deadly poison.**

**Gasoline is extremely flammable and can be explosive under certain condition.**

Stop engine and allow the engine to cool before refueling.

**DO NOT** smoke. Make sure area is well ventilated and free from any source of flame or sparks including the pilot light of any appliance while refueling, servicing fuel system, draining gasoline and/or adjusting carburetor.

**DO NOT** fill the tank so the fuel level rises into the filler neck or level surface of level gauge. If the tank is overfilled, heat may cause the fuel to expand and overflow through the vents in the tank cap.

Wipe off any spilled gasoline immediately.

### **To prevent fire hazard:**

Keep the engine at least 1 m (3.3 ft) away from buildings, obstructions and other burnable objects.

**DO NOT** place flammable objects close to the engine.

**DO NOT** expose combustible materials to the engine exhaust.

**DO NOT** use the engine on any forest covered, brush covered or grass covered unimproved land unless spark arrester is installed on the muffler.

**To avoid getting an electric shock, DO NOT touch spark plug, plug cap or spark plug lead during engine running.**

**To avoid a serious burn, DO NOT touch a hot engine or muffler. The engine becomes hot during operation.**

**Before you service or remove parts, stop engine and allow the engine to cool.**

**DO NOT place hands or feet near moving or rotating parts. Place a protective cover over pulley, V belt or coupling.**

**DO NOT run engine at excessive speeds. This may result in injury.**

**Always remove the spark plug lead from spark plug when servicing the engine to prevent accidental starting.**

Read warning labels which are on the engine and understand them. If any label is missing, damaged, or worn get a replacement from your Kawasaki engine dealer and install it in the correct position.

# EMISSION CONTROL INFORMATION

## Fuel Information

THIS ENGINE IS CERTIFIED TO OPERATE ON UNLEADED REGULAR GRADE GASOLINE ONLY. A minimum of 87 octane of the antiknock index is recommended. The antiknock index is posted on service station pumps in the U.S.A.

## Emission Control Information

To protect the environment in which we all live, Kawasaki has incorporated an exhaust emission control system in compliance with applicable regulations of the United States Environmental Protection Agency and the California Air Resources Board. Also, depending on when your engine was produced, it may have an assigned emissions durability period. \* See below for the engine emissions durability period that may apply to your engine.

## Exhaust Emission Control System

The exhaust emission control system applied to this engine consists of a carburetor and an ignition system having optimum ignition timing characteristics. The carburetor has been calibrated to provide lean air/fuel mixture characteristics and optimum fuel economy with a suitable air cleaner and exhaust system.

A sealed-type crankcase emission control system is also used to eliminate blow-by gasses. The blow-by gasses are led to a breather chamber through the crankcase and from there to the air cleaner.

## Engine Emissions Durability Period

### California

#### **Engines 66 cc – 225 cc**

Model Year – 2002 and later Horizontal Crankshaft  
Durability Period – 500 hours

Model Year – 2006 and later Vertical Crankshaft  
Durability Period – 500 hours

### All Other States

#### **Engines less than 66 cc**

Model Year – 2001 and later  
Durability Period – 300 hours

#### **Engines 66 cc – 99 cc**

Model Year 2001 and later  
Durability Period – 500 hours

#### **Engines 100 cc – 225 cc**

Model Year – 2003 and later (new)  
2007 and later (carry over)  
Durability Period - 500 hours

## California

### Engines Greather Than 225 cc

Model Year – 2002 and later

Durability Period – 500 hours

## All Other States

### Engines Greather Than 225 cc

Model Year – 2001 and later

Durability Period – 1,000 hours

**\* If your engine has an assigned emissions durability period it will be located on the certification label attached to the engine (IMPORTANT ENGINE INFORMATION : useful life hours).**

## High Altitude Performance Adjustment Information

To improve the EMISSIONS CONTROL PERFORMANCE of engines operated above 3,300 feet (1,000 meters) , Kawasaki recommends the following Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and California Air Resources Board (CARB) approved modifications.

## NOTE

○ *When properly performed, these specified modifications only are not considered to be emissions system "tampering" and engine performance is generally unchanged as a result.*

### Installation Instructions:

High altitude adjustment requires replacement of carburetor main jets. Installation of these optional parts may be performed by an authorized Kawasaki dealer, or the consumer, following repair recommendations specified in the appropriate Kawasaki Service Bulletin.

## Maintenance and Warranty

Proper maintenance is necessary to ensure that your engine will continue to have low emission levels. This Owners Manual contains those maintenance recommendations for your engine. Those items identified by the Periodic Maintenance Chart are necessary to ensure compliance with the applicable standards.

As the owner of the engine, you have the responsibility to make sure that the recommended maintenance is carried out according to the instructions in this Owners Manual at your own expense.

The Kawasaki Limited Emission Control System Warranty requires that you return your engine to an authorized Kawasaki dealer for remedy under warranty. Please read the warranty carefully, and keep it valid by complying with the owner's obligations it contains.

### **Tampering with Emission Control System Prohibited**

Federal law and California State law prohibit the following acts or the causing thereof: (1) the removal or rendering inoperative by any person other than for purposes of maintenance, repair, or replacement, of any device or element of design incorporated into any new engine for the purposes of emission control prior to its sale or delivery to the ultimate purchaser or while it is in use, or (2) the use of the engine after such device or element of design has been removed or rendered inoperative by any person.

Among those acts presumed to constitute tampering are the acts listed below:

Do not tamper with the original emission related parts:

- Carburetor and internal parts
- Spark Plugs
- Magneto or electronic ignition system
- Fuel filter element
- Air cleaner element
- Crankcase
- Cylinder head
- Breather chamber and internal parts
- Intake pipe and tube

# FOREWORD

We wish to thank you for choosing this Kawasaki Engine. Please read this Owner's Manual and understand thoroughly before operating, as it contains information which will be of value in obtaining maximum service from your Kawasaki Engine.

To ensure a long, trouble-free life for your engine, give it the proper care and maintenance described in this manual.

- Due to improvements in design and performance during production, in some cases there may be minor discrepancies between the actual engine and the illustrations or text in this manual.

**The right is reserved to make changes at anytime without notice.**

**KAWASAKI HEAVY INDUSTRIES, LTD.**  
**Consumer Products & Machinery Group**

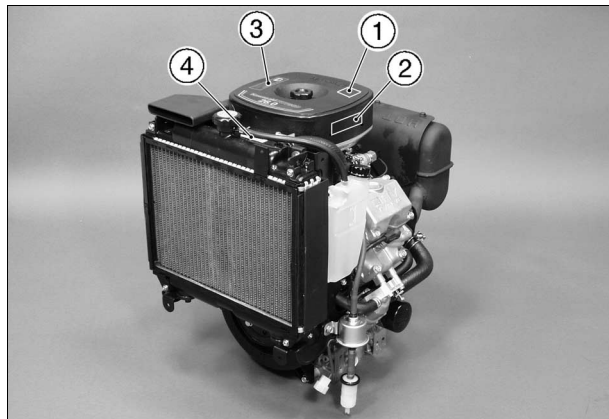
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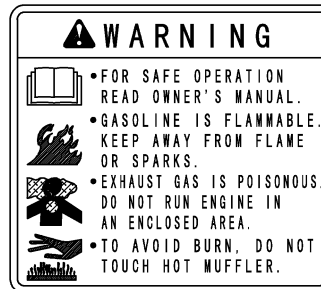
## 8 GENERAL INFORMATION

# GENERAL INFORMATION

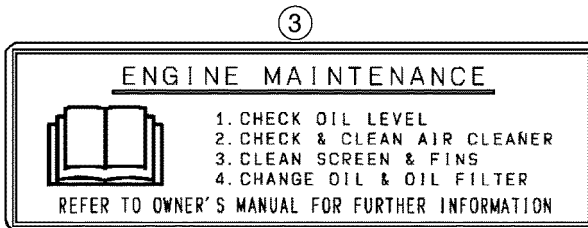
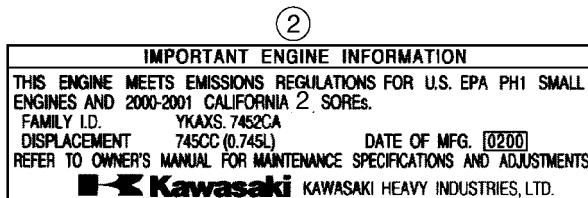
### Label Locations



1. Warning
2. Important Engine Information
3. Engine Maintenance
4. Engine Serial Number (see Page 10)

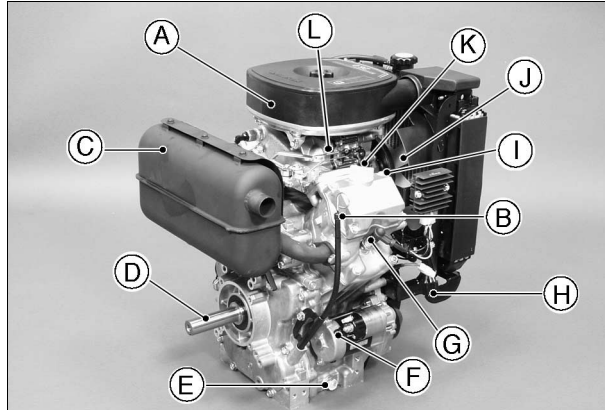


FD750D08S1 C

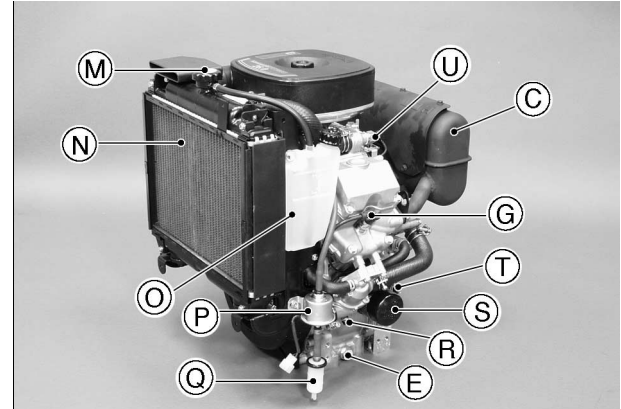




### Location of Parts



- A. Air Cleaner
- B. Oil Gauge
- C. Muffler
- D. P.T.O. Shaft
- E. Oil Drain Plug
- F. Electric Starter
- G. Spark Plug
- H. Packard Connector
- I. Fan Belt
- J. Cooling Fan
- K. Oil Filler Cap
- L. Carburetor



- M. Radiator Cap
- N. Radiator Screen
- O. Overflow Reservoir
- P. Fuel Pump
- Q. Fuel Filter
- R. Coolant Drain Plug
- S. Oil Filter
- T. Oil Pressure Switch
- U. Coolant Temperature Switch

## 10 GENERAL INFORMATION

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### Engine Serial Number

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The engine number is the only means of identifying your particular engine from others of the same model type.

This serial number is needed by your dealer when ordering parts.

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### Tune-up Specifications

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ITEM	Specifications
Ignition Timing	Unadjustable
Spark Plugs: Gap	NGK BPR2ES 0.75 mm (0.030 in)
Low Idle Speed	1 550 rpm
High Idle Speed	3 600 rpm
Valve Clearance	In 0.15 mm (0.006 in) Ex 0.15 mm (0.006 in)
Other Specifications	No other adjustment needed

### NOTE

- *High and low idle speeds may vary depending on the equipment on which the engine is used. Refer to the equipment specification.*

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## Coolant and Engine Oil Capacity

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### Coolant Capacity

FD671D, FD711D, FD750D	2.7 L (2.9 US.qt)
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**Type:** Permanent Type of Antifreeze.  
Green Colored

**Mixed Ratio:** Water 50%: Antifreeze 50% (1 : 1)

**Freezing Point:** -35°C (-31°F)

### Engine Oil Capacity

FD671D, FD711D, FD750D	1.8 L (1.9 US.qt) [when oil filter is not removed]
	2.0 L (2.1 US.qt) [when oil filter is removed]

## 12 FUEL AND OIL RECOMMENDATIONS

# FUEL AND OIL RECOMMENDATIONS

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### Fuel

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Use only clean, fresh, unleaded regular grade gasoline.

<b>CAUTION</b>
<b>Do not mix oil with gasoline.</b>

### Octane Rating

The octane rating of a gasoline is a measure of its resistance to “knocking”. Using a minimum of 87 octane by the antiknock index is recommended. The antiknock index is posted on service station pumps in the U.S.A.

### NOTE

○ If “knocking or pinging” occurs, use a different brand of gasoline or higher octane rating.

### Oxygenated Fuel

Oxygenates (either ethanol or MTBE) are added to the gasoline. If you use the oxygenated fuel be sure it is unleaded and meets the minimum octane rating requirement.

The following are the EPA approved percentages of fuel oxygenates.

### ETHANOL: (Ethyl or Grain Alcohol)

You may use gasoline containing up to 10% ethanol by volume.

### MTBE: (Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether)

You may use gasoline containing up to 15% MTBE by volume.

### METHANOL: (Methyl or Wood Alcohol)

You may use gasoline containing up to 5% methanol by volume, as long as it also contains cosolvents and corrosion inhibitors to protect the fuel system. Gasoline containing more than 5% methanol by volume may cause starting and/or performance problems. It may also damage metal, rubber, and plastic parts of your fuel system.

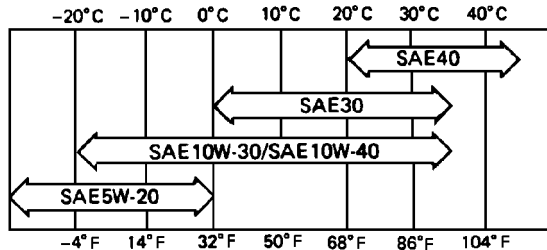
### Engine Oil

The following engine oils are recommended.

API Service Classification : SF, SG, SH or SJ.

### Oil Viscosity

Choose the viscosity according to the temperature as follows:



### NOTE

- Using multi grade oils (5W-20, 10W30, and 10W40) will increase oil consumption. Check oil level more frequently when using them.

# PREPARATION

### Fuel

#### WARNING

**Gasoline is extremely flammable and can be explosive under certain conditions**

**Before refueling, turn the engine switch OFF. Do not smoke. Make sure the area is well ventilated and free from any source of flame or sparks, including any appliances with a pilot light.**

**Never fill tank so that fuel level rises into the filler neck. If tank is overfilled, heat may cause fuel to expand and overflow through vents in tank cap. After refueling make sure tank cap is securely closed.**

**If gasoline is spilled, wipe it up immediately.**

- Level the engine before fueling.
- Remove the fuel tank cap.
- Slowly pour fuel into the tank through the fuel strainer.
- Close the tank cap securely.

### Engine Oil

Check the engine oil daily before starting the engine otherwise shortage of the engine oil may cause serious damage to the engine such as seizure.

- Place the engine on level surface. Clean area around the oil gauge before removing it.
- Remove the oil gauge (A) and wipe it with clean cloth.
- Insert the oil gauge into tube (B) and let its plug firmly fit into the tube, then remove the oil gauge and check the oil level.
- The oil level should be between the “H” (H) and “L”(L) marks on the oil gauge.
- ★ If the oil level is near or below the “L” mark, remove the oil filler cap (C) and pour the engine oil slowly to bring oil level to the “H” mark.
- Insert firmly the oil gauge into the tube and tighten the oil filler cap.

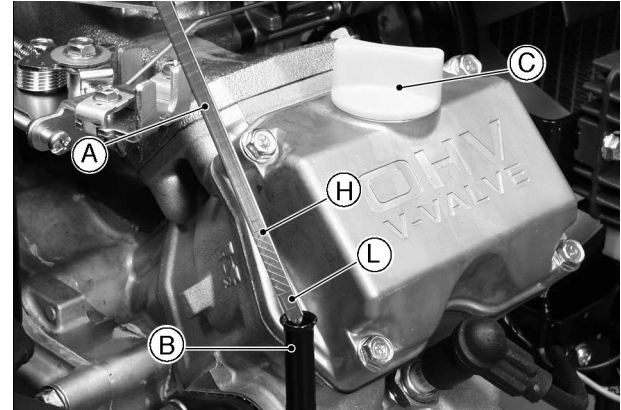
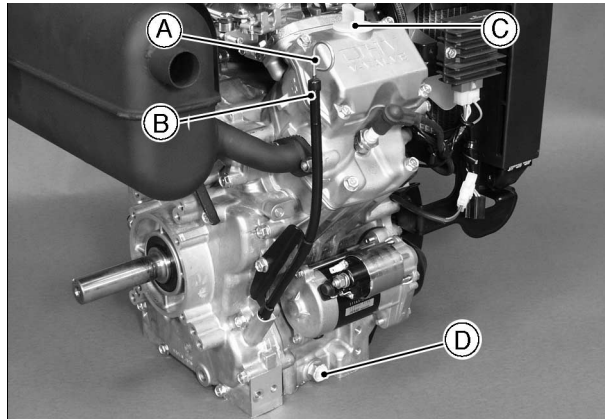
#### CAUTION

**Do not fill above the “H” mark. Excess oil will cause a smoking condition, and may cause the engine to overheat.**

- ★ If the oil level is too high, remove the excess oil by loosening the drain plug (D).

## Engine Oil Capacity

FD671D, FD711D, FD750D	1.8 L (1.9 US-qt) [when oil filter is not removed]
	2.0 L (2.1 US-qt) [when oil filter is removed]



## CAUTION

The engine is shipped without fuel, engine oil and coolant.

## 16 PREPARATION

### Coolant

#### NOTE

- *Have the first original permanent type of antifreeze replenished by your authorized KAWASAKI Engine Dealer.*

Check Coolant daily before starting the engine.

- Be sure the engine is level.
- Check the coolant level only at the overflow reservoir(A). The cooling system is a closed type. Never open the radiator cap. Doing so may induce air into the cooling system and may cause overheating.
- The coolant level should be between the "H"(H) and "L"(L) marks.

#### NOTE

- *Check the level when the engine is cold (room or atmospheric temperature).*
- If the amount of coolant is insufficient, remove the cap (B) from the reservoir and add coolant to the "H" mark. Install the cap.

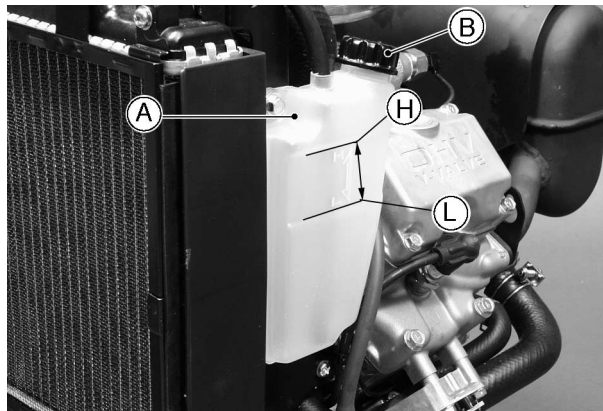
#### Recommended Coolant Solution

##### Coolant Mixture Ratio:

Water 50% : Antifreeze 50%(1 : 1)

##### Recommended Antifreeze:

Permanent type antifreeze (ethylene glycol plus corrosion and rust inhibitor chemicals for cast-iron engines and aluminum radiators)







# STARTING

### Start Engine

#### WARNING

Exhaust gases contain carbon monoxide, a colorless, odorless, poisonous gas. Do not operate the unit in enclosed areas. Provide adequate ventilation at all times.

#### WARNING

Engine exhaust may ignite combustible materials and cause a fire. Keep the area around the exhaust outlet clear. Locate the unit so that the exhaust outlet points toward an open area and is located at least one meter (3.3 feet) from any obstructions.

#### NOTE

- Be aware of the following in order to start the engine easily in cold weather.
- Use proper oil for temperature expected (See FUEL AND OIL RECOMMENDATIONS).
- Use fresh gasoline.
- Protect the engine or the equipment from direct exposure to weather when not in operation.

#### NOTE

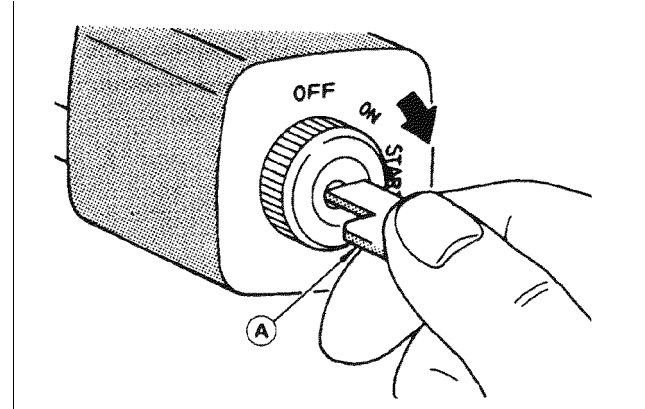
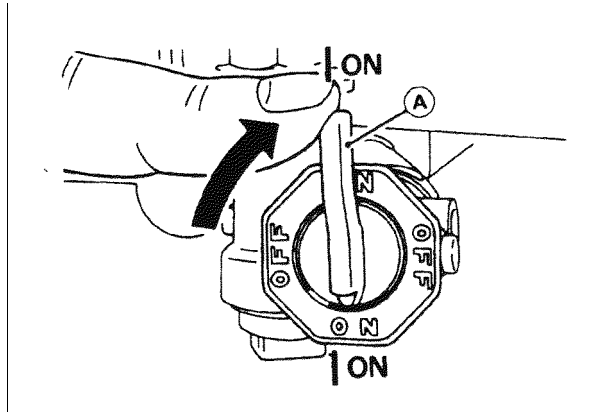
- Follow the operating instructions of the equipment this engine powers.
- Before starting the engine, insure all possible external loads are disconnected.
- Open the fuel valve (A) on the equipment.
- Move throttle lever on dash to half throttle position.
- Use full choke when the engine is cold, but in hot weather or when the engine is already warm, use half-choke or leave the choke fully open.
- Put the switch key into the engine switch.
- Turn the switch key to the START position on the equipment. Usually engine will start within 3 seconds.

#### CAUTION

Do not run the start continuously for more than 5 seconds, otherwise the battery may discharge quickly. If the engine does not start right away, wait 15 seconds and try again.

## NOTE

- When the engine is very warm, or when the engine does not start immediately, **DO NOT** keep trying to start it with the choke closed as this will cause flooding and make starting more difficult.
- Instead, fully open the choke and start the engine.



## CAUTION

Whenever you start engine, make sure warning light is not illuminated. If warning light comes on, stop engine immediately and check oil level (If equipped).

- After starting the engine, gradually return the choke lever to the full open position.

# OPERATING

### Warming Up

After the engine starts, move the throttle lever (A) on the equipment to halfway between “FAST” and “SLOW”.

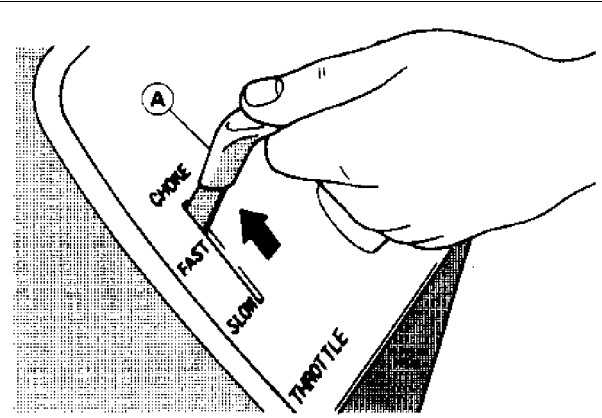
To warm up the engine, run it for 3 to 5 minutes with the throttle lever in the same position (halfway) before putting the equipment under load. Then, move the throttle lever (A) on the equipment to its “FAST” position.

#### CAUTION

Allow engine to warm up sufficiently (3 to 5 minutes at idle) before applying a load. This will allow oil to reach all engine parts, and allow piston clearance to reach design specifications.

#### CAUTION

While warming up the engine, make sure the warning lamps (oil pressure, charging monitor, and coolant temperature) on dash are not on. These lamps must not be illuminated during engine operation.



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## Engine Inclination

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This engine will operate continuously at angles up to 25° in any direction.

Refer to the operating instructions of the equipment this engine powers. Because of equipment design or application, there may be more stringent restrictions regarding the angle of operation.

CAUTION
<b>Do not operate this engine continuously at angles exceeding 25° in any direction. Engine damage could result from insufficient lubrication.</b>

# STOPPING

### Ordinary Stop

- Lower the engine speed to an idle. Keep running at idle for about one minute.

### CAUTION

**Engine damage can occur from run-on or after-burning if engine is stopped suddenly from high speed loaded operation. Reduce engine speed to idle for one minute before shutting engine off.**

- Turn the engine switch or the key switch to “OFF” position.

For Control Panel Switch Type, move the throttle lever against its low speed end to turn ignition off.

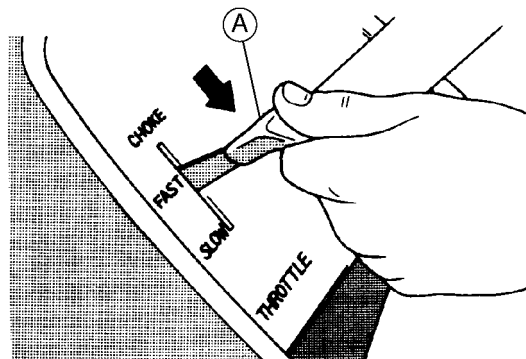
### Emergency Stop

- Immediately turn the engine switch or the key switch to “OFF” position.
- Close the fuel valve on the equipment.

For Control Panel Switch Type, move the throttle lever on the equipment against its low speed end. Moving the lever against its low speed end turns ignition off.

### ⚠ WARNING

**Always remove Engine Key from switch when leaving equipment unattended or when equipment is not in use.**





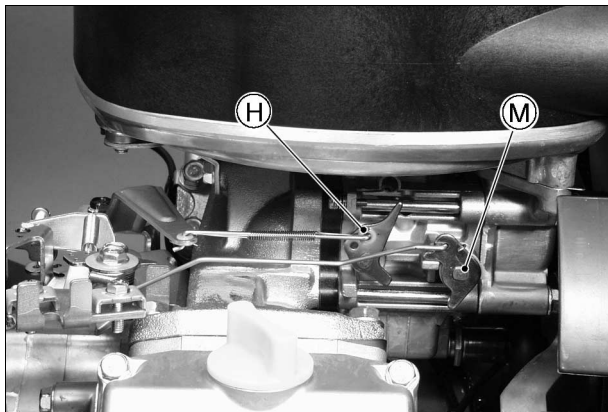
# ADJUSTMENT

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### Throttle Cable Installation, Adjustment

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- Link the throttle cable (G) to the speed control lever (C) and loosely clamp the throttle cable outer housing (F) with the cable clamp bolt (A).
- Move the throttle lever to “FAST” position.
- Pull up the outer housing (F) of the throttle cable until the inner wire (G) has almost no slack, and tighten the cable clamp bolt (A).
- Move the throttle lever to “slow” position. Make sure that the carburetor throttle valve (H) is moved smoothly.



H. Throttle Valve

M. Choke Valve

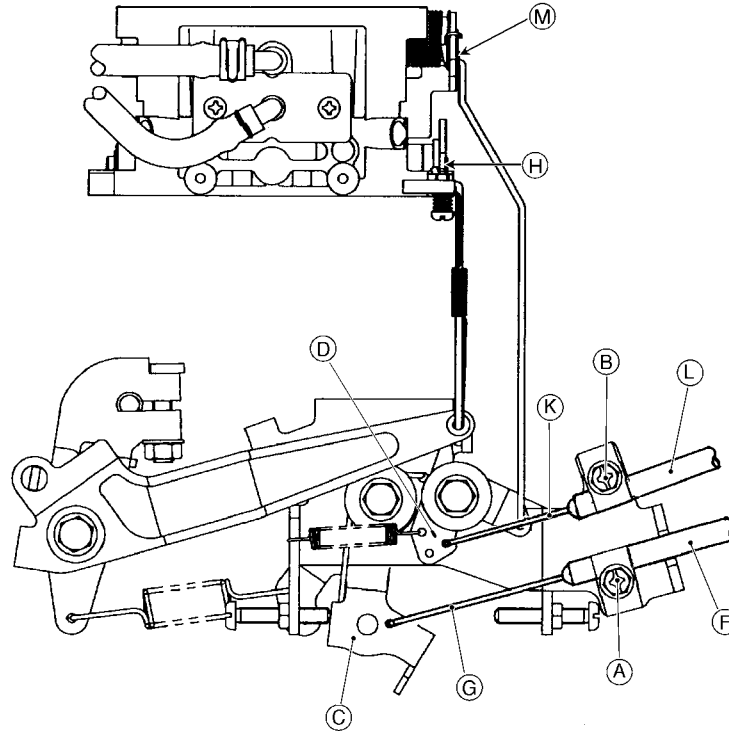
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### Choke Cable Installation, Adjustment

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- Link the choke cable (K) to the choke control lever (D), and loosely clamp the choke cable outer housing (L) with the cable clamp bolt (B).
- Move the equipment choke control to “OPEN” position. Make sure that the carburetor choke valve (M) is fully opened.
- Pull up the outer housing (L) of the choke cable until the inner wire (K) has almost no slack, and tighten the cable clamp bolt (B).
- Move the equipment choke control to “CHOKE” position. Make sure that the carburetor choke valve (M) is completely closed.
- Make sure that the choke valve turns from fully closed position to fully opened position when actuating the equipment choke control.





## 26 ADJUSTMENT

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### Engine Speed Adjustment

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#### NOTE

- *Do not tamper with the governor setting or the carburetor setting to increase the engine speed. Every carburetor is adjusted at the factory and a cap or stop plate is installed on each mixture screw.*
- *If adjustment is needed, it must be performed by your authorized Kawasaki Engine dealer.*

# MAINTENANCE

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**Periodic Maintenance Chart (see next page)**

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**⚠ WARNING**

**Always remove the spark plug cap from spark plug when servicing the engine to prevent accidental starting.**

**NOTE**

- *The service intervals indicated are to be used as a guide. Service should be performed more frequently as determined by operating conditions.*

## 28 MAINTENANCE

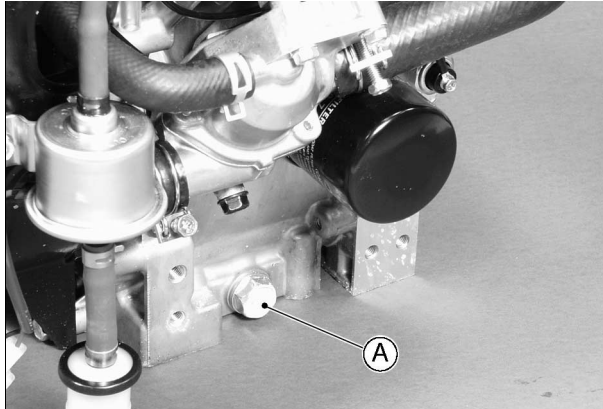
MAINTENANCE	INTERVAL							
	Daily	First 8 hr.	Every 25 hr.	Every 50 hr.	Every 100 hr.	Every 200 hr.	Every 300 hr.	Every 400 hr.
Check and add engine oil	●							
Check for loose or lost nuts and screws	●							
Check for fuel and oil leakage	●							
Check battery electrolyte level	●							
Check and clean radiator screen	●							
Tighten nuts and screws			●					
★ Clean air cleaner foam element			●					
★ Clean air cleaner paper element					●			
Change engine oil		●			●			
Clean and regap spark plug					●			
Change oil filter						●		
★ Replace air cleaner paper element							●	
<b>K</b> Clean combustion chamber							●	
<b>K</b> Check and adjust valve clearance							●	
<b>K</b> Clean and lap valve seating surface							●	
<b>K</b> Inspect radiator and hoses						●		
<b>K</b> Check fan belt conditions and tension						●		
<b>K</b> Change coolant								●

★: Service more frequently under dusty conditions.

**K**: Have an authorized Kawasaki Engine dealer perform these service.

## Oil Level Check

Check oil level daily and before each time of operation. Be sure oil level is maintained. See PREPARATION.



A. Oil Drain Plug

## Oil Change

Change oil after first 8 hours of operation. Thereafter change oil every 100 hours.

- Run the engine to warm oil.
- Be sure the engine (equipment) is level.
- Stop the engine.
- Remove the oil drain plug (A) and drain the oil into suitable container while engine is warm.

### **⚠ WARNING**

**Hot engine oil can cause severe burns. Allow engine temperature to drop from hot to warm level before draining and handling oil.**

- Install the oil drain plug.
- Remove oil gauge and refill with fresh oil (See FUEL AND OIL RECOMMENDATIONS).
- Check the oil level (see PREPARATION for oil level check).

### **⚠ WARNING**

**Engine oil is a toxic substance. Dispose of used oil properly. Contact your local authorities for approved disposal methods or possible recycling.**

## 30 MAINTENANCE

### Oil Filter Change

- Change the oil filter every 200 hours of operation.

#### **⚠ WARNING**

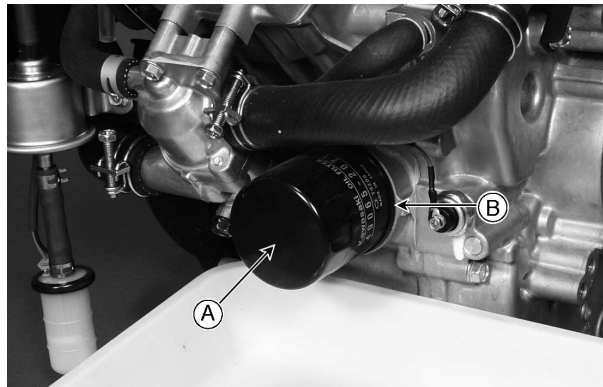
**Hot engine oil can cause severe burns.  
Allow engine temperature to drop from hot to warm level before attempting to remove oil filter.**

- Drain engine oil into a suitable container.

#### **CAUTION**

**Before removing the oil filter, place suitable pan under filter connection.**

- Rotate the oil filter (A) counterclockwise to remove it.
- Coat a film of clean engine oil on seal of new filter.
- Install new filter rotating it clockwise until seal contacts mounting surface (B). Then rotate filter 3/4 turn more by hand.
- Supply engine oil as specified.
- Run the engine for about 3 minutes, stop engine, and check oil leakage around the filter.
- Add oil to compensate for oil level drop due to oil filter capacity (see PREPARATION for oil level check).



#### **⚠ WARNING**

**Engine oil is a toxic substance. Dispose of used oil properly. Contact your local authorities for approved disposal methods or possible recycling.**

## Cooling System Inspection

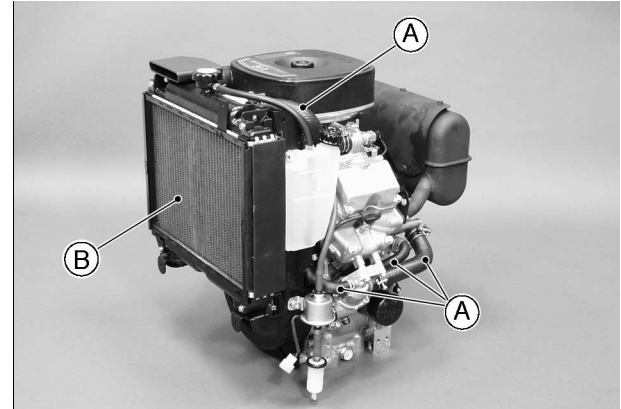
Inspect the radiator and the hoses every 200 hours of operation.

- Inspect the inlet and outlet hoses (A) for cracks or deterioration, and connections for looseness. Replace any damaged hose.
- Check for dirt and insects that may be lodged in the radiator (B). Clean them out by using compressed air or a low-pressure washer.

### CAUTION

**Using high-pressure water, as from a car wash facility, could damage the radiator fins and impair the radiator's effectiveness.**

**Do not run engine before all cooling system parts are reinstalled to keep cooling and carburetion as intended.**



A. Inlet and Outlet Hoses

B. Radiator and Radiator Screen

### ⚠ WARNING

**Coolant is a toxic substance. Dispose of used coolant properly. Contact your local authorities for approved disposal methods.**

## 32 MAINTENANCE

### Air Cleaner Service

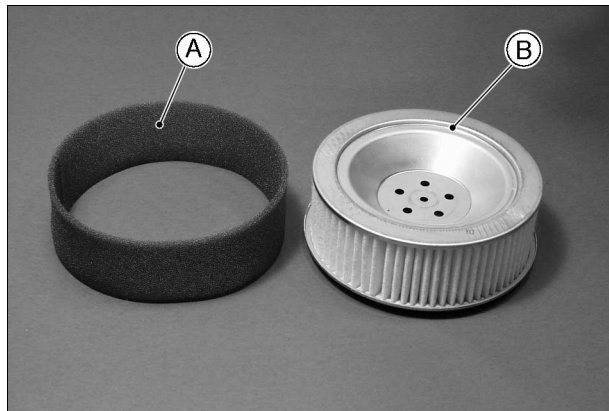
#### CAUTION

**To prevent excessive engine wear, do not run the engine with the air cleaner removed.**

#### Foam Element

Clean the foam element (A) every 25 hours.

- Wash the element in detergent and water, and dry it thoroughly.



#### Paper Element

Clean the paper element (B) every 100 hours.

- Clean the element by tapping gently to remove dust. If very dirty, replace the element with a new one.
- Replace with a new paper - element yearly or 300 hours. Whichever comes first.

#### NOTE

- *Operating in dusty condition may require more frequent maintenance than above.*

#### CAUTION

**Do not use petroleum solvent to clean paper-element.**

**Do not oil foam or paper element.**

**Do not use pressurized air to clean or dry paper-element.**



## Fuel Filter and Fuel Pump Service

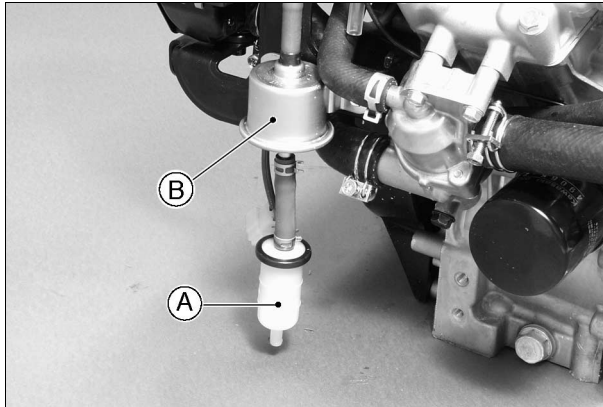
### ⚠ WARNING

**Improper use of solvents can result in fire or an explosion.**

**Do not use gasoline or low flash-point solvents to clean the fuel filter and/or the fuel pump.**

**Clean only in a well ventilated area away from sources of sparks or flame, including any appliances with a pilot light.**

- The fuel filter (A) can not be disassembled. If the fuel filter gets clogged, replace it with a new one.
- The fuel pump (B) can not be disassembled. If the fuel pump fails, replace it with a new one.



## 34 MAINTENANCE

### Spark Plug Service

#### **⚠ WARNING**

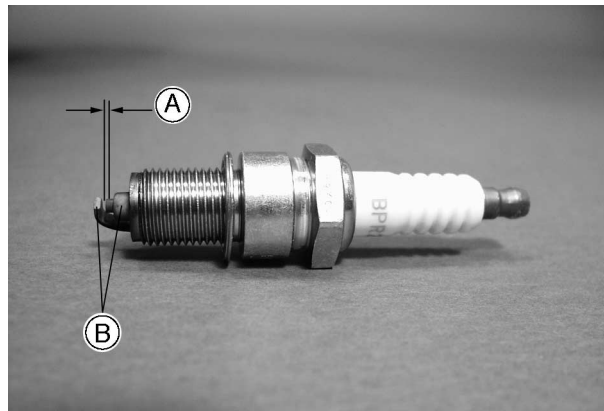
**Hot engine components can cause severe burns. Stop engine and allow it to cool before checking spark plug.**

Clean or replace the spark plug and reset gap (A) every 100 hours of operation.

- Disconnect the spark plug wire and remove the spark plug.
- Clean the electrodes (B) by scraping with a wire brush to remove carbon deposits.
- Inspect for cracked porcelain or other wear and damage. Replace the spark plug with a new one if necessary.
- Check the spark plug gap and reset it if necessary. The gap must be 0.75 mm (0.030 in). To change the gap, bend only the side-electrode, using a spark plug tool.
- Install and tighten the spark plug to 25 N·m (2.5 kg·m, 18 ft·lb). Connect the spark plug wire.

#### **RECOMMENDED SPARK PLUG**

NGK .....BPR2ES





# STORAGE

## Fuel System Draining

Engines to be stored over 30 days should be completely drained of fuel to prevent gum deposits forming on essential carburetor parts, fuel filter and tank.

### ⚠ WARNING

**Gasoline is extremely flammable and can be explosive under certain conditions.**

**Drain fuel before storing the unit for extended periods.**

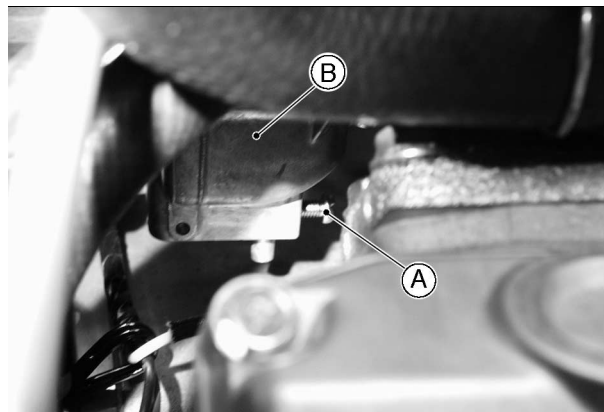
**Drain fuel in a well-ventilated area away from any source of flame or sparks, including any appliances with a pilot light. Store fuel in an approved container in safe location.**

- Clean every part of the engine.
- Be sure that the engine switch or key switch is positioned at "OFF".
- Close the fuel valve and remove the sediment bowl.
- Put a pan under the fuel valve to receive the drained fuel, and open the fuel valve to drain the fuel from fuel tank completely.

### ⚠ WARNING

**Gasoline is a toxic substance. Dispose of gasoline properly. Contact your local authorities for approved disposal methods.**

- Install the sediment bowl.
- Put a suitable pan under the carburetor (B) and loosen the drain screw (A) of the carburetor to drain the fuel completely.



A. Fuel Drain Screw

B. Carburetor

- Tighten the drain screw.
- Remove the spark plug and pour approx 1 ~ 2 mL (0.06 ~ 0.1 cu. in.) of engine oil through the spark plug hole and then screw the spark plug in after turning the

engine a few times. Slowly turn the engine until you feel compression and then leave it there. This traps the air inside the cylinder and prevents rust inside the engine.

- Wipe the body with oily cloth.
- Wrap the engine with plastic sheeting and store it in a dry place.
- Change engine oil for next use after period of storage (refer to oil change).

# TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

If the engine malfunctions, carefully examine the symptoms and the operating conditions, and use the table below as a guide to troubleshooting.

Symptom		Probable Cause	Remedy
Engine won't start or output is low	Insufficient compression	Faulty piston, cylinder, piston ring, and head gasket	<b>K</b>
		Faulty valves	
		Loose spark plug	Tighten properly
		Loose cylinder head bolts	
	No fuel to combustion chamber	No fuel in fuel tank	Fill fuel tank
		Fuel valve not in "ON" position	Open fuel valve lever.
		Blocked fuel filter or tube	Clean
		Blocked air vent in tank cap	
		Faulty carburetor	<b>K</b>
	Spark plug fouled by fuel	Over-rich fuel/air mixture	Open choke. Rotate engine with spark plug removed to discharge excess fuel. Clean spark plug.
		Clogged air cleaner	Clean
		Faulty carburetor	<b>K</b>
		Incorrect grade/type of fuel	Change gasoline
		Water in fuel	
	No spark or weak spark	Faulty spark plug	Replace spark plug
		Faulty ignition coil	<b>K</b>
		Engine switch left in "OFF" position	Turn engine switch to "ON" (See <b>M</b> )

## TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE 39

Symptom		Probable Cause	Remedy
Low output	Engine overheats	Clogged air cleaner	Clean
		Lodged dirt and insects in radiator	
		Lack of coolant	Add coolant to correct level
		Insufficient engine oil	Replenish or change oil
		Loose or slipping fan belt	<b>K</b>
		Carbon build-up in combustion chamber	
		Poor ventilation around engine	Select a better location
	Engine speed won't increase	Faulty governor	<b>K</b>

**K** : Have an authorized Kawasaki engine dealer perform these service.

**M** : For Control Panel Switch Type, move the throttle lever on the equipment away from its low speed end to turn the engine switch to "ON".

# SPECIFICATIONS

	FD671D, FD711D, FD750D
Type of engine	Liquid– cooled, 4–stroke OHV, V-twin cylinder, gasoline engine
Bore x Stroke	78 x 78 mm (3.07 x 3.07 in.)
Displacement	745 mL (45.5 cu.in)
Ignition System	Solid–state ignition
Direction of rotation	Conterclockwise facing the PTO Shaft
Starting system	Electric starter
Dry weight : kg (lbs)	58 kg (128 lbs)

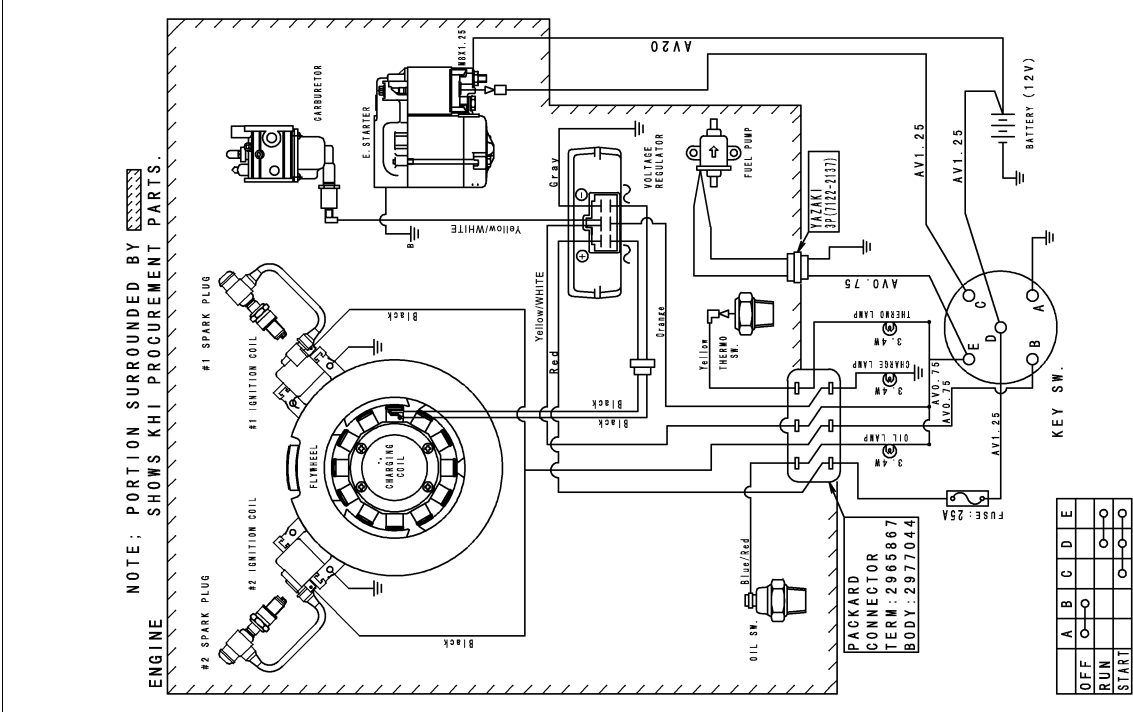
### NOTE

- *Specifications subject to change without notice.*
- *Dry weight excludes that of fuel tank.*



WIRING DIAGRAM

Wiring Diagram



**⚠ WARNING**

The engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.



**KAWASAKI HEAVY INDUSTRIES, LTD.**  
Consumer Products & Machinery Group

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